

Do NOT write on this test. Record all answers on the bubble sheet. **Closed book. No notes.** Work strictly from memory. **No calculators. No time limit. Scratch paper okay.**

On the following printf questions you are given a list of inputs. For each problem line determine which printf statement created the accompanying outputs. (u means space.)

Which of these printf statements created the outputs shown for each problem below? (x is int x;)

- | | | |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|
| (A) <code>printf("uuuuu%uduuuu",x);</code> | (D) <code>printf("u%u9d",x);</code> | (G) <code>printf("%-u10d",x);</code> |
| (B) <code>printf("uuu%+4duuu",x);</code> | (E) <code>printf("u%+9d",x);</code> | (H) <code>printf("%-+10d",x);</code> |
| (C) <code>printf("uuu%7d",x);</code> | (F) <code>printf("u%0u6duuu",x);</code> | (I) <code>printf("%0+10d",x);</code> |

inputs:	<u>5</u>	<u>-1</u>	<u>1215293624</u>	<u>-1695290415</u>
1/2p.	u5uuuuuuuu	-1uuuuuuuu	u1215293624	-1695290415
2/2p.	+5uuuuuuuu	-1uuuuuuuu	+1215293624	-1695290415
3/2p.	uuu+5uuuuu	uuu-1uuuuu	uuu+1215293624uuu	uuu-1695290415uuu
4/2p.	uuuuuu5uuuu	uuuuu-1uuuu	uuuuuu1215293624uuuu	uuuuu-1695290415uuuu

Which of these printf statements created the outputs shown for each problem below? (x is char * x;)

- | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| (A) <code>printf("uuu%su",x);</code> | (D) <code>printf("u%-3s",x);</code> | (G) <code>printf("%-4s",x);</code> |
| (B) <code>printf("uu%-2s",x);</code> | (E) <code>printf("u%2su",x);</code> | (H) <code>printf("%3su",x);</code> |
| (C) <code>printf("uu%1su",x);</code> | (F) <code>printf("u%suuu",x);</code> | (I) <code>printf("%4s",x);</code> |

inputs:	<u>"</u>	<u>"c"</u>	<u>"wd"</u>	<u>"cpwx"</u>	<u>"fzcdfd"</u>	<u>"xfqccwyv"</u>
5/2p.	uuuuu	uCuuuu	uwduuu	ucpwxuuu	ufzcdfduuu	ufqccwyvuuu
6/2p.	uuuuu	cuuuu	wduu	cpwx	fzcdfd	xfqccwyv
7/2p.	uuuuu	uu <u>c</u> u	u <u>w</u> d <u>u</u>	u <u>c</u> pwx <u>u</u>	u <u>f</u> zcd <u>fd</u> <u>u</u>	u <u>x</u> f <u>q</u> ccwyv <u>u</u>
8/2p.	uuuuu	uuu <u>c</u> u	uuu <u>w</u> d <u>u</u>	uuu <u>c</u> pwx <u>u</u>	uuu <u>f</u> zcd <u>fd</u> <u>u</u>	uuu <u>x</u> f <u>q</u> ccwyv <u>u</u>

Which of these printf statements created the outputs shown for each problem below? (x is double x;)

- | | | |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| (A) <code>printf("uuu%+10.4f",x);</code> | (D) <code>printf("u%+11.4fuu",x);</code> | (G) <code>printf("%+14.4f",x);</code> |
| (B) <code>printf("uu%+010fuu",x);</code> | (E) <code>printf("u%10.6fuuu",x);</code> | (H) <code>printf("%14.4f",x);</code> |
| (C) <code>printf("uu%+011.6f",x);</code> | (F) <code>printf("u%11.6fuu",x);</code> | (I) <code>printf("%14.6f",x);</code> |

inputs:	<u>8</u>	<u>2.51</u>	<u>4.4789</u>	<u>-256876.348229</u>
9/2p.	uuuuuuu+8.0000u	uuuuuuu+2.5100u	uuuuuuu+4.4789u	uuu-256876.3482u
10/2p.	uuuuuuu+8.0000	uuuuuuu+2.5100	uuuuuuu+4.4789	uu-256876.3482
11/2p.	uuuu8.000000uu	uuuu2.510000uu	uuuu4.478900uu	u-256876.348229uu
12/2p.	uuuuuuu8.000000	uuuuuuu2.510000	uuuuuuu4.478900	-256876.348229

Precedence: What is the value of each expression? Mark (I) for error, (J) for none of the above.

- | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| 13/1p. | $3\%7\%9-9*7$ | (A) -60 | (B) -53 | (C) -51 | (D) -44 | (E) -23 | (F) -18 | (G) -7 | (H) 72 |
| 14/1p. | $3-6-7!=9>=1$ | (A) -70 | (B) -57 | (C) -4 | (D) -2 | (E) 0 | (F) 1 | (G) 2 | (H) 81 |
| 15/1p. | $8+7 2<2*2$ | (A) 0 | (B) 1 | (C) 2 | (D) 9 | (E) 10 | (F) 19 | (G) 52 | (H) 57 |
| 16/1p. | $0-5/3\%1*4$ | (A) -85 | (B) -62 | (C) -36 | (D) -2 | (E) -1 | (F) 0 | (G) 2 | (H) 50 |
| 17/1p. | $6-4/1\%7-6$ | (A) -53 | (B) -39 | (C) -13 | (D) -1 | (E) 0 | (F) 6 | (G) 7 | (H) 8 |
| 18/1p. | $6/4/1-7+4$ | (A) -10 | (B) -6 | (C) -2 | (D) -1 | (E) 2 | (F) 3 | (G) 6 | (H) 51 |
| 19/1p. | $8-8-3+8-5$ | (A) -69 | (B) -37 | (C) -16 | (D) -10 | (E) -5 | (F) 0 | (G) 6 | (H) 16 |
| 20/1p. | $7+6<=4>5-2$ | (A) -88 | (B) -3 | (C) -2 | (D) -1 | (E) 1 | (F) 5 | (G) 52 | (H) 63 |
| 21/1p. | $3+3\%4*5/2$ | (A) -81 | (B) 3 | (C) 4 | (D) 5 | (E) 6 | (F) 9 | (G) 10 | (H) 12 |
| 22/1p. | $5-2\%1/5-8$ | (A) -54 | (B) -8 | (C) -7 | (D) -3 | (E) 0 | (F) 5 | (G) 11 | (H) 13 |
| 23/1p. | $5/6<5<=3-5$ | (A) -22 | (B) -19 | (C) -4 | (D) -1 | (E) 0 | (F) 20 | (G) 21 | (H) 31 |
| 24/1p. | $8+5\%4+5/7$ | (A) -78 | (B) -70 | (C) -42 | (D) 1 | (E) 2 | (F) 8 | (G) 9 | (H) 12 |
| 25/1p. | $6+5/8\%2*5$ | (A) -16 | (B) 0 | (C) 1 | (D) 5 | (E) 30 | (F) 52 | (G) 54 | (H) 81 |
| 26/1p. | $7-4-5/8+1$ | (A) -1 | (B) 0 | (C) 3 | (D) 4 | (E) 7 | (F) 8 | (G) 9 | (H) 13 |
| 27/1p. | $4\%9+4/3*5$ | (A) -57 | (B) -48 | (C) 0 | (D) 4 | (E) 5 | (F) 9 | (G) 24 | (H) 25 |
| 28/1p. | $9>4&&8+3*8$ | (A) -84 | (B) -36 | (C) -26 | (D) -13 | (E) 0 | (F) 1 | (G) 25 | (H) 32 |
| 29/1p. | $3\%9+7+4*7$ | (A) 13 | (B) 21 | (C) 31 | (D) 38 | (E) 49 | (F) 80 | (G) 84 | (H) 98 |
| 30/1p. | $5-1 9!=0-9$ | (A) -94 | (B) -8 | (C) -5 | (D) 4 | (E) 13 | (F) 26 | (G) 65 | (H) 85 |
| 31/1p. | $5-9\%3\%8*7$ | (A) 2 | (B) 3 | (C) 5 | (D) 7 | (E) 14 | (F) 17 | (G) 35 | (H) 54 |

How many times does the body of the loop execute? (Mark 9 if 9 or more.)

- | | |
|--------|--|
| 32/2p. | <code>int f; for(f=10; f>=7; f--) body;</code> |
| 33/2p. | <code>int u=-4; do body; while(u++ != 2);</code> |
| 34/2p. | <code>int c=8; do body; while(c-- >= 6);</code> |
| 35/2p. | <code>int i=-2; do body; while(--i != -10);</code> |
| 36/2p. | <code>int h=-3; while(h-- < 0) body;</code> |
| 37/2p. | <code>int a; for(a=-6; a<=-7; a++) body;</code> |
| 38/2p. | <code>int z=8; do body; while(z-- > 5);</code> |
| 39/2p. | <code>int s=8; while(s-- != 4) body;</code> |

40/3p. Give a tight big-oh $\Theta()$ bound on the running time $T(n)$ of this program.

Assume `atoi`, `simpleStatement`, and `simpleCompare` each run in $\Theta(1)$ time.

- (A) $n^2 \lg n$ (C) $n\sqrt{n}$ (E) n (G) \sqrt{n} (I) $\lg n$
 (B) $n\sqrt{n} \lg n$ (D) $n \lg n$ (F) $\sqrt{n} \lg n$ (H) $\lg^2 n$ (J) 1

```
int main ( int argc, char * * argv ) {
    int n = atoi(argv[1]);
    if ( simpleCompare ) {
        for ( c = 1 ; c < n ; c *= 2 ) {
            simpleStatement;
        }
    } else {
        simpleStatement;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

41/3p. Give a tight big-oh $\Theta()$ bound on the running time $T(n)$ of this program.

Assume `atoi`, `simpleStatement`, and `simpleCompare` each run in $\Theta(1)$ time.

- (A) $n^2\sqrt{n}$ (C) n^2 (E) $n\sqrt{n}$ (G) n (I) $\lg^2 n$
 (B) $n^2 \lg n$ (D) $n\sqrt{n} \lg n$ (F) $n \lg n$ (H) $\sqrt{n} \lg n$ (J) 1

```
int main ( int argc, char * * argv ) {
    int n = atoi(argv[1]);
    if ( simpleCompare ) {
        e = n; while ( e > 1 ) {
            i = n; while ( i > 1 ) {
                simpleStatement;
                i -= 5;
            }
            e--;
        }
    } else {
        simpleStatement;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

42/3p. Give a tight big-oh $\Theta()$ bound on the running time $T(n)$ of this program.

Assume `atoi`, `simpleStatement`, and `simpleCompare` each run in $\Theta(1)$ time.

- (A) $n^2\sqrt{n}$ (C) $n\sqrt{n} \lg n$ (E) $n \lg n$ (G) $\sqrt{n} \lg n$ (I) $\lg n$
 (B) $n^2 \lg n$ (D) $n\sqrt{n}$ (F) n (H) \sqrt{n} (J) 1

```
int main ( int argc, char * * argv ) {
    int n = atoi(argv[1]);
    f = n; do {
        if ( simpleCompare ) {
            if ( simpleCompare ) {
                simpleStatement;
            } else {
                simpleStatement;
            }
        }
        f--;
    } while ( f > 1 );
    return 0;
}
```

-
- 43/5p. Give a tight big-oh $\Theta()$ bound on the running time $T(n)$ of this program.

Assume `atoi`, `simpleStatement`, and `simpleCompare` each run in $\Theta(1)$ time.

- (A) $n^2 \lg n$ (C) $n\sqrt{n}$ (E) n (G) \sqrt{n} (I) $\lg n$
 (B) $n\sqrt{n} \lg n$ (D) $n \lg n$ (F) $\sqrt{n} \lg n$ (H) $\lg^2 n$ (J) 1

```
int main ( int argc, char * * argv ) {
    int n = atoi(argv[1]);
    if ( simpleCompare ) {
        j = n; do {
            e = 1; while ( e < n ) {
                if ( simpleCompare ) {
                    simpleStatement;
                } else {
                    simpleStatement;
                }
                e += 2;
            }
            j /= 3; } while ( j > 1 );
    } else {
        d = n; while ( d > 1 ) {
            for ( b = n ; b > 1 ; b /= 3 ) {
                simpleStatement;
            }
            d--;
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

-
- 44/5p. Give a tight big-oh $\Theta()$ bound on the running time $T(n)$ of this program.

Assume `atoi`, `simpleStatement`, and `simpleCompare` each run in $\Theta(1)$ time.

- (A) $n^3 \lg n$ (C) $n^2 \lg n$ (E) $n \lg^3 n$ (G) n (I) \sqrt{n}
 (B) $n^2 \lg^2 n$ (D) $n\sqrt{n}$ (F) $n \lg n$ (H) $\sqrt{n} \lg^3 n$ (J) $\lg^2 n$

```
int main ( int argc, char * * argv ) {
    int n = atoi(argv[1]);
    for ( c = n ; c > 1 ; c-- ) {
        g = n; while ( g > 1 ) {
            for ( a = 1 ; a < n ; a *= 3 ) {
                for ( i = n ; i > 1 ; i -= 3 ) {
                    if ( simpleCompare ) {
                        if ( simpleCompare ) {
                            simpleStatement;
                        }
                    } else {
                        simpleStatement;
                    }
                }
            }
            g--;
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

45/5p. Give a tight big-oh $\Theta()$ bound on the running time $T(n)$ of this program.

Assume `atoi`, `simpleStatement`, and `simpleCompare` each run in $\Theta(1)$ time.

- (A) n^3
- (C) $n\sqrt{n}\lg n$
- (E) $n\lg^2 n$
- (G) n
- (I) $\lg^2 n$
- (B) $n^2 \lg n$
- (D) $n\sqrt{n}$
- (F) $n\lg n$
- (H) $\sqrt{n}\lg^2 n$
- (J) $\lg n$

```

int main ( int argc, char * * argv ) {
    int n = atoi(argv[1]);
    k = 1; do {
        if ( simpleCompare ) {
            if ( simpleCompare ) {
                e = n; while ( e > 1 ) {
                    f = 1; do {
                        if ( simpleCompare ) {
                            simpleStatement;
                        } else {
                            simpleStatement;
                        }
                    f++; } while ( f * f < n );
                    e /= 2; }
            } else {
                for ( g = 1 ; g * g < n ; g += 2 ) {
                    i = n; while ( i > 1 ) {
                        simpleStatement;
                        i--; }
                }
            }
        } else {
            if ( simpleCompare ) {
                h = n; do {
                    if ( simpleCompare ) {
                        if ( simpleCompare ) {
                            simpleStatement;
                        } else {
                            simpleStatement;
                        }
                    } else {
                        simpleStatement;
                    }
                h--; } while ( h > 1 );
            } else {
                if ( simpleCompare ) {
                    simpleStatement;
                } else {
                    simpleStatement;
                }
            }
        }
    }
    k *= 5; } while ( k < n );
return 0; }
```

Matching: Which Perl regular expression commands have what meaning? (If no match mark J.)

- (A) [(B) \D (C) \S (D) \W (E) \d (F) \i (G) \s (H) \t (I) {

46/1p. digit

47/1p. whitespace

48/1p. tab

49/1p. non a word character

50/1p. start of character class

True or False: does the string match the regular expression?

51/1p. Does the empty string match the regular expression “b | c”?

52/1p. Does the empty string match the regular expression “n+ | zt”?

53/1p. Does the string “zz” match the regular expression “q+ | z?”?

54/1p. Does the string “ppngz” match the regular expression “p? | n | gz”?

55/1p. Does the string “qqqddd” match the regular expression “q+ (qd?)?”?

56/1p. Does the string “s” match the regular expression “x?s | w*”?

57/1p. Does the string “ffwhbb” match the regular expression “f? | w(hb)* | z”?

58/1p. Does the string “azkkk” match the regular expression “a | z(kk)+ | ct”?

59/1p. Does the string “ncccdrrdr” match the regular expression “((nc)*cd | dr*)*”?

60/1p. Does the string “zzz” match the regular expression “((pw)*z+)+(yz)*”?

61/1p. Does the string “xdxdgrssss” match the regular expression “(xd)+ | g | ((rs)+)* | c+”?

62/1p. Does the string “wcbwugr” match the regular expression “w+cb(wu)?t?gr”?

Total points 100.

Answer Key (points per line)

1 (2). G	32 (2). 4
2 (2). H	33 (2). 7
3 (2). B	34 (2). 4
4 (2). A	35 (2). 8
5 (2). F	36 (2). 9
6 (2). G	37 (2). 0
7 (2). E	38 (2). 4
8 (2). A	39 (2). 4
9 (2). A	40 (3). I ($\lg n$)
10 (2). G	41 (3). C (n^2)
11 (2). F	42 (3). F (n)
12 (2). I	43 (5). D ($n \lg n$)
13 (1). A (-60)	44 (5). A ($n^3 \lg n$)
14 (1). F (1)	45 (5). C ($n\sqrt{n} \lg n$)
15 (1). B (1)	46 (1). E
16 (1). F (0)	47 (1). G
17 (1). J (-4)	48 (1). H
18 (1). C (-2)	49 (1). D
19 (1). F (0)	50 (1). A
20 (1). J (0)	51 (1). false
21 (1). G (10)	52 (1). false
22 (1). D (-3)	53 (1). false
23 (1). E (0)	54 (1). false
24 (1). G (9)	55 (1). false
25 (1). J (6)	56 (1). true
26 (1). D (4)	57 (1). false
27 (1). F (9)	58 (1). false
28 (1). F (1)	59 (1). false
29 (1). D (38)	60 (1). true
30 (1). J (1)	61 (1). false
31 (1). C (5)	62 (1). true

Total points 100.