

Do NOT write on this test. Record all answers on the bubble sheet. **Closed book. No notes.** Work strictly from memory. **No calculators. No time limit. Scratch paper okay.**

---

On the following printf questions you are given a list of inputs. For each problem line determine which printf statement created the accompanying outputs. (u means space.)

Which of these printf statements created the outputs shown for each problem below? (x is int x;)

- |   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| (A) <code>printf("uuuuu%udu",x);</code> | (D) <code>printf("uu%+4du",x);</code>  | (G) <code>printf("u%+04duu",x);</code> |
| (B) <code>printf("uuu%0+3du",x);</code> | (E) <code>printf("uu%-u4du",x);</code> | (H) <code>printf("u%4duu",x);</code>   |
| (C) <code>printf("uu%+3duu",x);</code>  | (F) <code>printf("uu%-+5d",x);</code>  | (I) <code>printf("u%5du",x);</code>    |

inputs:	<u>2</u>	<u>-7</u>	<u>2120910699</u>	<u>-1798009096</u>
1/2p.	uuuuu2u	uuuuu-7u	u2120910699u	u-1798009096u
2/2p.	uuuuu+2u	uuuuu-7u	uu+2120910699u	uu-1798009096u
3/2p.	u+002uu	u-007uu	u+2120910699uu	u-1798009096uu
4/2p.	uuuuuuu2u	uuuuuuu-7u	uuuuuuu2120910699u	uuuuuuu-1798009096u

Which of these printf statements created the outputs shown for each problem below? (x is char \* x;)

- |  |                                       |                                       |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| (A) <code>printf("uuuu%suu",x);</code> | (D) <code>printf("uu%2suu",x);</code> | (G) <code>printf("u%suuuu",x);</code> |
| (B) <code>printf("uuu%-3s",x);</code>  | (E) <code>printf("uu%3su",x);</code>  | (H) <code>printf("%-6s",x);</code>    |
| (C) <code>printf("uu%-2suu",x);</code> | (F) <code>printf("uu%4s",x);</code>   | (I) <code>printf("%6s",x);</code>     |

inputs:	<u>"</u>	<u>"l"</u>	<u>"gz"</u>	<u>"vckw"</u>	<u>"zvbldc"</u>	<u>"wczwjfwp"</u>
5/2p.	uuuuuuu	uuuuluu	uuugzuu	uuvckwu	uuzbldcu	uuwczwjfwpuu
6/2p.	uuuuuuu	luuuuuu	gzuuuuu	vckwu	zbldc	wczwjfwp
7/2p.	uuuuuuu	uuuuluu	uuugzu	uuuvckw	uuuzvbldc	uuuwczwjfwp
8/2p.	uuuuuuu	uuuuulu	uuugzu	uuvckwu	uuzbldcu	uuwczwjfwpu

Which of these printf statements created the outputs shown for each problem below? (x is double x;)

- |  |   |   |
|--|---|---|
| (A) <code>printf("u%+12.6f",x);</code>   | (D) <code>printf("u%0+12.0f",x);</code> | (G) <code>printf("%0+12.6fu",x);</code> |
| (B) <code>printf("uu%10.0fuu",x);</code> | (E) <code>printf("u%12fu",x);</code>    | (H) <code>printf("%014.2f",x);</code>   |
| (C) <code>printf("uu%11.4f",x);</code>   | (F) <code>printf("%+14.2f",x);</code>   | (I) <code>printf("%13.6f",x);</code>    |

inputs:	<u>9</u>	<u>2.95</u>	<u>3.6074</u>	<u>-75048.950698</u>
9/2p.	+0009.000000uu	+0002.950000uu	+0003.607400uu	-75048.950698uu
10/2p.	uuuuu9.000000u	uuuuu2.950000u	uuuuu3.607400u	u-75048.950698u
11/2p.	0000000009.00	0000000002.95	0000000003.61	-0000075048.95
12/2p.	uuuuu9.000000u	uuuuu2.950000u	uuuuu3.607400u	-75048.950698u

Precedence: What is the value of each expression? Mark (I) for error, (J) for none of the above.

- 13/1p.  $4 - 5 \% 8 * 2 / 4$  (A) -15 (B) -2 (C) 0 (D) 2 (E) 3 (F) 4 (G) 34 (H) 98  
14/1p.  $4 - 8 != 1 == 0 * 2$  (A) -80 (B) -7 (C) 2 (D) 3 (E) 4 (F) 6 (G) 8 (H) 23  
15/1p.  $5 - 5 \& \& 6 || 5 + 1$  (A) -99 (B) -71 (C) -68 (D) 1 (E) 2 (F) 3 (G) 4 (H) 30  
16/1p.  $4 * 2 + 1 - 2 * 9$  (A) -60 (B) -54 (C) -31 (D) -28 (E) -1 (F) 36 (G) 63 (H) 90  
17/1p.  $6 / 5 / 5 * 7 - 9$  (A) -12 (B) -9 (C) -3 (D) 0 (E) 2 (F) 33 (G) 50 (H) 61  
18/1p.  $0 - 5 \% 2 + 7 + 7$  (A) -15 (B) -5 (C) -1 (D) 0 (E) 11 (F) 13 (G) 15 (H) 59  
19/1p.  $6 + 9 / 0 - 5 + 3$  (A) -64 (B) -8 (C) -2 (D) 1 (E) 4 (F) 6 (G) 7 (H) 23  
20/1p.  $4 / 7 - 9 - 7 - 3$  (A) -12 (B) -5 (C) -4 (D) -3 (E) -1 (F) 0 (G) 1 (H) 2  
21/1p.  $3 / 6 != 9 \& \& 5 + 8$  (A) -66 (B) -40 (C) 1 (D) 3 (E) 9 (F) 11 (G) 26 (H) 63  
22/1p.  $8 / 9 - 6 \% 8 * 2$  (A) -12 (B) -6 (C) -3 (D) 4 (E) 10 (F) 37 (G) 65 (H) 75  
23/1p.  $7 / 8 - 3 + 4 * 7$  (A) -49 (B) -31 (C) -1 (D) 1 (E) 7 (F) 25 (G) 29 (H) 35  
24/1p.  $4 * 1 + 6 * 3 / 2$  (A) 10 (B) 11 (C) 13 (D) 15 (E) 28 (F) 36 (G) 42 (H) 94  
25/1p.  $4 / 6 \% 5 - 8 + 2$  (A) -95 (B) -19 (C) -8 (D) -6 (E) -1 (F) 0 (G) 1 (H) 2  
26/1p.  $8 - 5 >= 6 > 7 + 1$  (A) -65 (B) -20 (C) -6 (D) 0 (E) 1 (F) 6 (G) 7 (H) 8  
27/1p.  $4 + 7 + 9 \% 7 \% 4$  (A) -25 (B) -7 (C) 1 (D) 2 (E) 5 (F) 6 (G) 11 (H) 48  
28/1p.  $2 + 6 \% 8 - 2 * 7$  (A) -93 (B) -14 (C) -6 (D) -4 (E) 2 (F) 8 (G) 30 (H) 42  
29/1p.  $3 / 9 \& \& 7 != 7 - 2$  (A) -3 (B) -1 (C) 1 (D) 3 (E) 6 (F) 58 (G) 65 (H) 75  
30/1p.  $8 - 7 \% 3 + 1 - 7$  (A) -6 (B) -5 (C) -2 (D) -1 (E) 1 (F) 10 (G) 13 (H) 77  
31/1p.  $6 * 0 || 6 > 2 - 3$  (A) -53 (B) -40 (C) -18 (D) -12 (E) 1 (F) 3 (G) 6 (H) 44

How many times does the body of the loop execute? (Mark 9 if 9 or more.)

- 32/2p. `int t=-1; while( --t < 5 ) body;`  
33/2p. `int g=1; do body; while( g-- <= 7 );`  
34/2p. `int g=6; do body; while( g++ != 11 );`  
35/2p. `int u=6; do body; while( u++ < 10 );`  
36/2p. `int g; for( g=0; g!=5; g++ ) body;`  
37/2p. `int p; for( p=-9; p>-10; --p ) body;`  
38/2p. `int z=-8; while( ++z < -2 ) body;`  
39/2p. `int t=0; while( ++t < 3 ) body;`

- 40/3p. Give a tight big-oh  $\Theta()$  bound on the running time  $T(n)$  of this program.  
 Assume `atoi`, `simpleStatement`, and `simpleCompare` each run in  $\Theta(1)$  time.
- (A)  $n^2\sqrt{n}$    (C)  $n\sqrt{n}\lg n$    (E)  $n$    (G)  $\sqrt{n}$    (I)  $\lg n$   
 (B)  $n^2$    (D)  $n\lg n$    (F)  $\sqrt{n}\lg n$    (H)  $\lg^2 n$    (J) 1

```
int main ( int argc, char * * argv ) {
    int n = atoi(argv[1]);
    if ( simpleCompare ) {
        i = 1; do {
            simpleStatement;
            i++; } while ( i * i < n );
    } else {
        simpleStatement;
    }
    return 0; }
```

- 41/3p. Give a tight big-oh  $\Theta()$  bound on the running time  $T(n)$  of this program.  
 Assume `atoi`, `simpleStatement`, and `simpleCompare` each run in  $\Theta(1)$  time.
- (A)  $n^2\sqrt{n}$    (C)  $n^2$    (E)  $n\sqrt{n}$    (G)  $n$    (I)  $\sqrt{n}$   
 (B)  $n^2\lg n$    (D)  $n\sqrt{n}\lg n$    (F)  $n\lg n$    (H)  $\sqrt{n}\lg n$    (J) 1

```
int main ( int argc, char * * argv ) {
    int n = atoi(argv[1]);
    if ( simpleCompare ) {
        g = 1; do {
            f = n; while ( f > 1 ) {
                simpleStatement;
                f--;
            }
            g += 2; } while ( g * g < n );
    } else {
        simpleStatement;
    }
    return 0; }
```

- 42/3p. Give a tight big-oh  $\Theta()$  bound on the running time  $T(n)$  of this program.  
 Assume `atoi`, `simpleStatement`, and `simpleCompare` each run in  $\Theta(1)$  time.
- (A)  $n^2\lg n$    (C)  $n\sqrt{n}$    (E)  $n$    (G)  $\sqrt{n}$    (I)  $\lg n$   
 (B)  $n^2$    (D)  $n\lg n$    (F)  $\sqrt{n}\lg n$    (H)  $\lg^2 n$    (J) 1

```
int main ( int argc, char * * argv ) {
    int n = atoi(argv[1]);
    f = n; do {
        if ( simpleCompare ) {
            g = 1; while ( g * g < n ) {
                simpleStatement;
                g++;
            }
        } else {
            simpleStatement;
        }
        f /= 5; } while ( f > 1 );
    return 0; }
```

---

43/5p. Give a tight big-oh  $\Theta()$  bound on the running time  $T(n)$  of this program.

Assume `atoi`, `simpleStatement`, and `simpleCompare` each run in  $\Theta(1)$  time.

- (A)  $n^2\sqrt{n}$     (C)  $n^2$     (E)  $n\sqrt{n}$     (G)  $n$     (I)  $\sqrt{n}$   
 (B)  $n^2 \lg n$     (D)  $n\sqrt{n} \lg n$     (F)  $n \lg n$     (H)  $\sqrt{n} \lg n$     (J)  $\lg^3 n$

```
int main ( int argc, char * * argv ) {
    int n = atoi(argv[1]);
    e = 1; while ( e < n ) {
        if ( simpleCompare ) {
            k = 1; do {
                f = 1; while ( f < n ) {
                    if ( simpleCompare ) {
                        simpleStatement;
                    }
                    f++;
                }
                k *= 2; } while ( k < n );
        } else {
            if ( simpleCompare ) {
                if ( simpleCompare ) {
                    simpleStatement;
                }
            }
        }
    }
    e += 2;
    return 0;
}
```

---

44/5p. Give a tight big-oh  $\Theta()$  bound on the running time  $T(n)$  of this program.

Assume `atoi`, `simpleStatement`, and `simpleCompare` each run in  $\Theta(1)$  time.

- (A)  $n^3$     (C)  $n^2$     (E)  $n\sqrt{n}$     (G)  $n$     (I)  $\sqrt{n}$   
 (B)  $n^2 \lg n$     (D)  $n\sqrt{n} \lg n$     (F)  $n \lg n$     (H)  $\sqrt{n} \lg n$     (J) 1

```
int main ( int argc, char * * argv ) {
    int n = atoi(argv[1]);
    for ( c = 1 ; c * c < n ; c += 3 ) {
        for ( e = n ; e > 1 ; e -= 10 ) {
            if ( simpleCompare ) {
                if ( simpleCompare ) {
                    for ( i = 1 ; i < n ; i *= 5 ) {
                        simpleStatement;
                    }
                } else {
                    simpleStatement;
                }
            } else {
                simpleStatement;
            }
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

45/5p. Give a tight big-oh  $\Theta()$  bound on the running time  $T(n)$  of this program.

Assume `atoi`, `simpleStatement`, and `simpleCompare` each run in  $\Theta(1)$  time.

- (A)  $n^7$       (C)  $n^4\sqrt{n}\lg^2 n$     (E)  $n^3\lg^3 n$     (G)  $n\sqrt{n}\lg n$     (I)  $n\lg n$   
 (B)  $n^5\lg^2 n$     (D)  $n^3\sqrt{n}$       (F)  $n^3\lg^2 n$     (H)  $n\lg^5 n$     (J)  $\sqrt{n}$

```
int main ( int argc, char ** argv ) {
    int n = atoi(argv[1]);
    for ( b = 1 ; b < n ; b *= 2 ) {
        h = 1; while ( h * h < n ) {
            if ( simpleCompare ) {
                f = 1; do {
                    for ( e = n ; e > 1 ; e -= 10 ) {
                        if ( simpleCompare ) {
                            a = n; do {
                                for ( d = n ; d > 1 ; d /= 2 ) {
                                    c = n; do {
                                        simpleStatement;
                                        c -= 1; } while ( c > 1 );
                                    }
                                a /= 5; } while ( a > 1 );
                            } else {
                                i = 1; while ( i * i < n ) {
                                    simpleStatement;
                                    i++; }
                            }
                        }
                    f += 1; } while ( f * f < n );
                } else {
                    if ( simpleCompare ) {
                        for ( k = 1 ; k < n ; k += 1 ) {
                            if ( simpleCompare ) {
                                if ( simpleCompare ) {
                                    simpleStatement;
                                } else {
                                    simpleStatement;
                                }
                            } else {
                                simpleStatement;
                            }
                        }
                    } else {
                        g = n; while ( g > 1 ) {
                            j = n; while ( j > 1 ) {
                                simpleStatement;
                                j -= 2; }
                            g /= 2; }
                    }
                }
            }
        h++; }
    }
    return 0; }
```

Matching: Which Perl regular expression commands have what meaning? (If no match mark J.)

- (A) \$ (B) \0dd (C) \B (D) \b (E) \e (F) \n (G) \xdd (H) ^ (I) esc

- 46/1p. the escape character  
47/1p. word boundary  
48/1p. octal dd  
49/1p. end of string  
50/1p. newline

True or False: does the string match the regular expression?

- 51/1p. Does the string "kaa" match the regular expression "ka?|bu"?
- 52/1p. Does the string "qcq" match the regular expression "qt?cq"?
- 53/1p. Does the empty string match the regular expression "up+"?
- 54/1p. Does the string "rnqwrnqw" match the regular expression "(rn\*qw)+"?
- 55/1p. Does the string "yg" match the regular expression "(yb?gu)+"?
- 56/1p. Does the string "gy" match the regular expression "(gy)?"?
- 57/1p. Does the string "byzyzz" match the regular expression "b|(yz\*|uu)?"?
- 58/1p. Does the string "wnfkppfkpp" match the regular expression "wn+|(fk\*|pp)+"?
- 59/1p. Does the string "bq" match the regular expression "((tc)+|bq|k\*gt)\*"?
- 60/1p. Does the string "r" match the regular expression "r\*|sa((yy)?bu)+"?
- 61/1p. Does the string "tttt" match the regular expression "ay+|g|(c\*|t+)?"?
- 62/1p. Does the string "aghyf" match the regular expression "au\*gh(yf)+"?
- 

Total points 100.

**Answer Key** (points per line)

1 (2).	I	32 (2).	9
2 (2).	D	33 (2).	9
3 (2).	G	34 (2).	6
4 (2).	A	35 (2).	5
5 (2).	D	36 (2).	5
6 (2).	H	37 (2).	1
7 (2).	B	38 (2).	5
8 (2).	E	39 (2).	2
9 (2).	G	40 (3).	$G(\sqrt{n})$
10 (2).	E	41 (3).	$E(n\sqrt{n})$
11 (2).	H	42 (3).	$F(\sqrt{n} \lg n)$
12 (2).	I	43 (5).	$B(n^2 \lg n)$
13 (1).	D (2)	44 (5).	$D(n\sqrt{n} \lg n)$
14 (1).	J (0)	45 (5).	$E(n^3 \lg^3 n)$
15 (1).	D (1)	46 (1).	E
16 (1).	J (-9)	47 (1).	D
17 (1).	B (-9)	48 (1).	B
18 (1).	F (13)	49 (1).	A
19 (1).	I (error)	50 (1).	F
20 (1).	J (-19)	51 (1).	false
21 (1).	C (1)	52 (1).	true
22 (1).	A (-12)	53 (1).	false
23 (1).	F (25)	54 (1).	true
24 (1).	C (13)	55 (1).	false
25 (1).	D (-6)	56 (1).	true
26 (1).	D (0)	57 (1).	false
27 (1).	J (13)	58 (1).	false
28 (1).	C (-6)	59 (1).	true
29 (1).	J (0)	60 (1).	true
30 (1).	E (1)	61 (1).	true
31 (1).	E (1)	62 (1).	true

Total points 100.